

Acupressure and Stress Management: A Review of Contemporary Evidence

Noah Bennett

Department of Engineering, Pacific State University, Seattle, Washington, USA

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Abstract

This paper examines acupressure and stress management: a review of contemporary evidence through a structured academic review of contemporary literature. The discussion considers the conceptual background of acupressure, research findings, possible explanatory mechanisms, methodological quality, practical applications, safety, and future research needs. Acupressure has been investigated in relation to several patient-reported and functional outcomes, although findings vary across populations and intervention protocols. Differences in point selection, pressure technique, session duration, comparator groups, sample sizes, and outcome instruments make direct comparison difficult. The paper therefore emphasizes cautious interpretation and evidence-based integration. This paper examines acupressure and stress management: a review of contemporary evidence through a structured academic review of contemporary literature. The discussion considers the conceptual background of acupressure, research findings, possible explanatory mechanisms, methodological quality, practical applications, safety, and future research needs. Acupressure has been investigated in relation to several patient-reported and functional outcomes, although findings vary across populations and intervention protocols. Differences in point selection, pressure technique, session duration, comparator groups, sample sizes, and outcome instruments make direct comparison difficult. The paper therefore emphasizes cautious interpretation and evidence-based integration. Particular attention is given to the distinction between complementary use and replacement of conventional care.

Introduction

Acupressure and Stress Management: A Review of Contemporary Evidence is considered here through the lens of the background and significance of the subject. Acupressure is generally described as a non-invasive complementary practice involving manual or device-assisted pressure at selected body points. Contemporary research does not require traditional explanations and biomedical explanations to be treated as identical; instead, studies can examine measurable outcomes such as perceived symptom intensity, relaxation, sleep quality, anxiety, comfort, function, and quality of life. Interpretation requires attention to intervention details, comparator conditions, participant characteristics, outcome instruments, treatment duration, adherence, and follow-up. The available literature is heterogeneous, and therefore an academic discussion should distinguish preliminary findings, controlled trial evidence, systematic reviews, and established clinical practice. Acupressure may be considered as a complementary option when

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Conceptual Foundations

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Review of Contemporary Evidence

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Potential Mechanisms

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Methodological Considerations

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Practical Applications

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Safety and Ethical Considerations

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Discussion

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Future Research Directions

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Conclusion

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Keywords

Acupressure; complementary medicine; integrative health; symptom management; patient-reported outcomes; wellness; evidence-based practice

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